62275

Cataclastic Anorthosite 443 grams

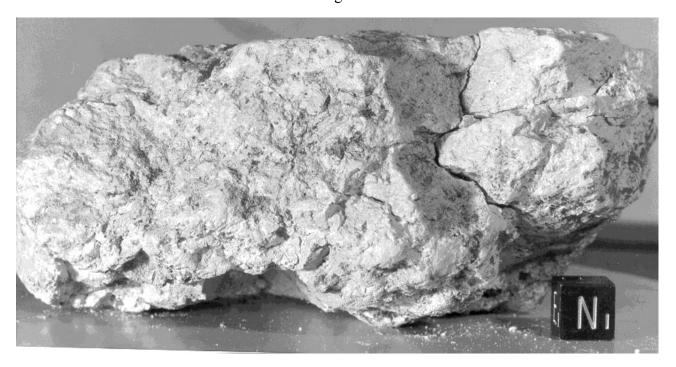


Figure 1: Photo of 62275 before it broke-up. NASA S72-40930. Cube is 1 cm.

Introduction

62275 was found half buried in the regolith near Buster Crater and was thought to be related to ejecta from Buster Crater (Sutton 1981). It is a very friable, chalky white rock (figure 1) that broke up into powder (figure 6) during handling in curatorial labs and has not been adequately studied. It appears to be similar to 62236, 62237 and the white portion of 62255, but the plagioclase composition appears more calcic.

Petrography

Prinz et al. (1973) and Dowty et al. (1974) describe 62275 as a brecciated, shock-metamorphosed anorthosite and note that it has "higher total mafic content than for other ferroan anorthosites".

Most of the large transparent fragments are not feldspar, but brownish glass of near-feldspar composition (Prinz et al. 1973). Only about a third of the feldspathic fragments are crystalline plagioclase – evidence of a high degree of shock metamorphism (figure 3).

Prinz et al. (1973) and Herzberg (1979) discuss the importance of the FeCr₂O₄ content of the chromite in this and other plutonic lunar rocks, attempting to obtain the depth of origin of these rocks.

Mineralogy

Olivine: Prinz et al. (1973) reported olivine as Fo_{59 8}.

Pyroxene: Prinz et al. (1973) found orthopyroxene was $Wo_{3_1}En_{67}$ and rare clinopyroxene was $Wo_{4_5_1}En_{38_1}$.

Mineralogical Mode for 62275

	Prinz et	Warren et		
	al. 1973	al. 1983		
Olivine	6	7 (mafic)		
Pyroxene				
Ortho	1			
Clino	tr.			
Plagioclase	93 (inc. Glass)	93		
Cr-Spinel	tr			

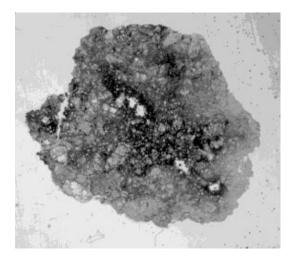


Figure 2: Photomicrograph of thin section 62275,4. Scale 1 cm.

Warner et al. (1976) give a plot of the pyroxene composition (figure 4).

Plagioclase: The plagioclase in 62275 is very calcic (An_{97-99}) and has low Mg content (Prinz et al. 1973). Warren et al. (1983) confirmed the very calcic nature of the plagioclase in this rock.

Cr-spinel: Prinz et al. (1973) report Al-rich, Cr-spinel and give an analysis.

Chemistry

Warren et al. (1983) appear to have analyzed nearly pure plagioclase (figure 7). They find the rock has very low meteoritic siderophile content.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

Clark and Keith (1973) determined cosmic-ray induced activity as 26 Al = 94 dpm/kg. and 22 Na = 28 dpm/kg.

Processing

(figure 6)

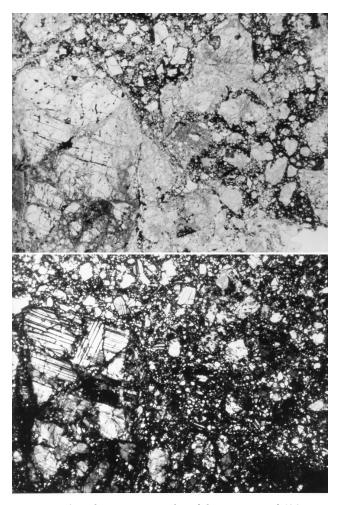


Figure 3: Photomicrographs of thin section of 62275. Field of view is 3 mm. NASA S72-42234 and S72-42233. Top is plane polarized light and bottom is same area with crossed polarizers showing high percentage of isotropic material.

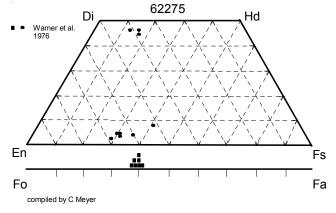
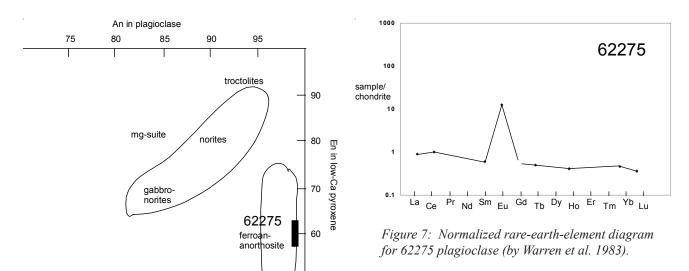


Figure 4: Olivine and pyroxene composition of 62275.



50

Figure 5: Plagioclase and pyroxene composition of 62275.

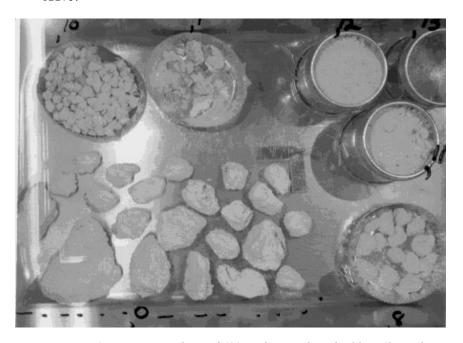


Figure 6: Processing photo of 62275 showing how friable and powdery it is.

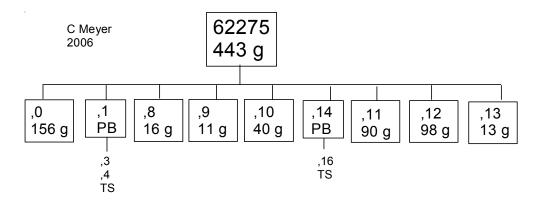


Table 1. Chemical composition of 62275.

reference	Clark 73		Prinz 73 Dowty 74 Warner76		matrix glass Prinz 73		plag? Warren 83	
weight SiO2 % TiO2 Al2O3 FeO MnO MgO CaO Na2O K2O P2O5 S % sum	0.0178	(a)	43.7 0.04 33.1 2.2 1.91 18.4 0.3 0.06	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	44.3 0.13 30.2 3.4 0.04 3.1 18.6 0.34 0.03	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	43.86 0.036 35.3 0.54 0.01 0.4 19.45 0.32 0.021	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)
Sc ppm V							1.7	(c)
Cr Co Ni Cu			1984	(b)	410	(b)	96 0.58 0.13	(c) (c)
Zn Ga Ge ppb As							1.11 3.4 4.6	(c) (c)
Se Rb Sr							2 147	(c)
Y Zr Nb Mo Ru Rh Pd ppb Ag ppb							90	(c)
Cd ppb In ppb Sn ppb Sb ppb Te ppb Cs ppm							1.1	(c)
Ba La Ce Pr							11 0.21 0.61	(c) (c)
Nd Sm Eu							0.088 0.7	(c)
Gd Tb Dy							0.018	(c)
Ho Er							0.023	(c)
Tm Yb Lu Hf Ta							0.074 0.0088 0.036 0.026	(c) (c) (c)
W ppb Re ppb Os ppb							<0.001	(c)
Ir ppb Pt ppb							0.023	(c)
Au ppb Th ppm U ppm	0.009 <0.006	(a) (a)					0.009 <0.036	(c)
technique: (a) radiation counting, (b) elec. Probe, (c) INAA, RNAA								